Kentucky Substance Abuse Treatment Outcome Study (KTOS)

Data Collection Manual KTOS v6.2

Adult Instrument for Ages 18-99



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Written by the Center on Drug and Alcohol Research
on behalf of the

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KENTUCKY TREATMENT OUTCOME STUDY SURVEY: FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Which clients should participate in KTOS?

Kentucky state law requires all state funded substance abuse programs collect data for the Kentucky Substance Abuse Treatment Outcome Study (KTOS). Any client who enters substance abuse treatment should be considered for inclusion in the data collection. If a client is 18 years of age or older, he or she should complete the KTOS PDA program. If the client is between the ages of 12-17 years, he or she should complete the AKTOS PDA program.

KTOS does not apply to clients who are referred to centers for DUI assessment or education services or to clients who are receiving detoxification services only. However, if a client enters a residential program for treatment and detoxification is the first phase of treatment, the KTOS baseline survey should be completed. (The program could collect the data after detoxification is complete and within 72 hours of beginning residential treatment.) Likewise, KTOS should be used with DUI clients who give consent and who are receiving substance abuse treatment in outpatient, residential or other settings.

When should KTOS be completed with the client?

The KTOS baseline survey is completed by clinicians during intake interviews with clients. State regulations provide up to three visits in outpatient settings and three days (72 Hours) in residential programs for KTOS to be completed. Outpatient clinicians should complete KTOS during the three intake visits leading to a treatment plan.

How often do clients need to have KTOS baselines completed?

First, it is important to remember that the KTOS baseline survey should only be used to collect information on clients at their admission into treatment. Secondly, the KTOS baseline is anchored in the most recent admission in the year with some exceptions. If a client has already completed the KTOS baseline survey within the past 60 days, there is no need to complete another KTOS baseline. Since clinicians may not know for sure if the client has already had the KTOS data collected, it may be wisest to complete one if there is doubt about whether the data has been collected. If a client has been in treatment even briefly, drops out, then re-enters treatment, a new KTOS will not need to be completed if the re-entry into treatment is within 60 days of the first data collection. If it has been longer than 60 days, then it is best to consider this a new treatment episode.

How should KTOS be completed?

The recommended way to complete KTOS is for staff to ask the questions as they appear in the PDA program in an interview setting and record the client's answers on the PDA. The PDA program has automatic checks that will help keep answers consistent and will prompt for corrections if answers conflict (i.e., the client says they were arrested 2 times in the past year, but 3 times for DUI).

Why is it important for clinicians to collect accurate data?

Data collection requires attention to detail if the data are to be meaningful. Careful and accurate collection of data has many important consequences for the treatment centers. First, carefully collected KTOS baseline information can yield rich data about types of drugs being used by clients in the treatment region or county to use for planning.

Second, careful attention to the follow-up study locator information means a greater likelihood of contacting clients 12 months after treatment. Reliable contact names and telephone numbers are very important in being able to reach clients for their follow-up interviews. High rates of poor locator information result in large numbers of cases being deleted from the follow-up study.

What about confidentiality of client information?

The University of Kentucky Center on Drug and Alcohol Research has obtained a Certificate of Confidentiality from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. This Certificate ensures that client-identifying data cannot be disclosed to law enforcement or other state government agencies – even if court ordered. This means that even if a court, using the standard procedures for obtaining client records under the Kentucky privileged communications statutes, cannot obtain identifying records on any client who consented to participate in the follow-up study. While the Certificate is not an absolute assurance of confidentiality, it provides a very robust assertion of Federal law governing privacy rights of research subjects.

In addition, the PDA program automatically encrypts all data as it is entered into the PDA, including client identifying data such as social security numbers, in order to protect the client. All data are collected via a secure modem connection with a phone line and sent directly to a password protected server at UK. The data are kept on password protected computers or in locked file cabinets and can be accessed only by authorized KTOS staff.

What information from KTOS is sent to the state or Federal Government?

No information from the KTOS study is sent to the Federal Government. The only data that is sent to the Federal Government is the TEDS data (Treatment Episode Data Set) and it includes no personal identifying information. It consists of admissions, discharges and transfers without any client identifying data. The faculty and staff of the University of Kentucky who are designated to work on the study analyze the KTOS data. The faculty and staff of the College of Pharmacy, Research and Data Management Center (RDMC) that handles the state's TEDS information and all Client Data Sets also have access to the data.

How should questions be asked?

Data collection instruments are supposed to be read exactly as written. The KTOS items can be read to clients in a way that they understand by using probes, or slight re-wording if the client fails to understand the original question. While this remains a major challenge to the reliability and validity of research instruments, cultural and cognitive differences in clients sometimes mean that the specific language of a question cannot be understood. Skillful interviewing means the use of culturally appropriate terms and ways of asking clients about their behavior. However, it is a best practice to do this a little as possible and to adhere to the text of the instrument as much as possible.

What guestions are included in the KTOS instrument?

The KTOS baseline survey instrument includes questions developed by SAMHSA's Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT) that make up the GPRA (Government Performance Results Accountability) instrument, the Addiction Severity Index (ASI), and from the WHOQOL-100 instrument. The KTOS instrument adds past 12-month substance use measures and questions about treatment experiences such as attendance at self-help groups and expectations for reduced drug or alcohol usage.

INTAKE DATA COLLECTION SURVEY - QUESTION BY QUESTION GUIDE

This outline follows the structure of the PDA program and defines each question and how it should be answered. Each question from the instrument is printed in bold font and the explanatory remarks follow.

The data collection program starts with basic demographic information about the clinical staff person collecting the data and the client including items such as name, date of birth, race/ethnicity, gender, and social security number.

The remaining sections of question in the instrument include the following topics:

- Education and Employment
- Time Spent in Controlled Environments (Hospitals, Jails, Prison, Treatment)
- Physical Health
- Substance Use
- Legal Involvement
- Living Situation
- Abuse History
- Emotional Health
- Recovery Supports

The instrument is designed to be self-explanatory and includes clarifications for questions on the PDA screen as you go through the program. Simply read the questions and record the client's responses.

INITIAL MESSAGE

Inform your client that these questions are asked to meet state law requirements and as a part of a research study at the University of Kentucky. It is good practice to explain to the client what you are doing and why are you asking them these questions. Remind them that this information is completely confidential and is not identified with the client once sent to UK.

KTOS V6.2 OPENING SCREEN

This screen shows you:

- how many completed KTOS records are ready for HotSync to UK,
- the current date, time and your battery level, and
- the current consent form date on your PDA (if this is either expired or doesn't match the date on your paper consent forms, you need to HotSync your PDA to download the correct date before proceeding).

You may tap "Exit" and leave the program without going any further.

Tap the "Start" button to begin a KTOS survey.

A. What is the site number of this treatment facility? ___ __ __ __ ___ ___

Tap in the box labeled "Tap Here" to open the number keypad and enter your site number. (123456 is NOTa valid site number). If you share a PDA with someone who travels to different sites, be sure you reenter your correct site number so you get credit for the data you enter.

This number refers to the NSSATS (National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services) number assigned to your program site by the federal government. If you work in a clinic that does not have a program number, contact the Division of Substance Abuse in Frankfort to obtain a number for your site. Call (502) 564-4456 or check the website to see if your agency number is listed: http://mhmr.ky.gov/mhsas/DTX.asp Data that contain an incorrect site number will be deleted from the dataset since it cannot be attributed to any region or program. *Please be extra careful that you put in the right site number.*

If you tap "Yes," the program confirms the site number and you proceed in the survey.

B. Please select the name of the person giving this survey to the client:

From the drop down list, select your name. The program will save your name and the names of any other clinicians who use the PDA so you don't have to reenter your name every time you do a survey. If your name does not appear on the list, tap on the "Add a Name" button. Then tap in the boxes to pull up the letter keypad and enter your first name, middle initial and last name. Tap "Next" to go to the next question.

If you have a change in staff, you will want to delete names from the PDA. Select the name you want to delete and then tap the button labeled "Delete this Name."

DEMOGRAPHICS The first set of questions are basic demographic information. Ask the client the following questions and record the responses. What is the client's name? First Middle intial Last (UK) Please tap in the boxes to pull up the letter keypad and enter your first name, middle initial, and last name. Tap "Next" to go to the next question. Tap on yes or no to verify if the client stated above is the correct name of the client. By tapping "NO" the PDA will return to the previous screen where you can reenter the correct name. By tapping "YES" you will proceed to the next question. ___/__ /__ _ (CSAT - GPRA) 2. What is your date of birth? (Enter as MM-DD-YYYY) Tap in the box to bring up the number keypad. Enter the client's birth date exactly as the program suggests using a four-digit year. Inaccurate birth date information means that detailed analysis of age related data and even calculating the average age of client is impossible. The adult KTOS program will display a message that directs staff to exit and switch to AKTOS for clients who are under 18 years of age. If you think the program is misdirecting you, exit the program and check that the PDA has the correct date listed. Tap "NEXT" to proceed to the next question. 3. What is your social security number? ____/__/___(UK)

(Enter in ### - ## - #### format) Tap in the box to bring up the number keypad. Enter the client's social security number (SSN) exactly as the program suggests using dashes between the number sets. Tap "NEXT" to proceed to the next question.

The PDA program automatically encrypts the nine-digit social security number once it has been entered. If the client does not have a SSN, then the Medical Records Librarian can assign one that will be consistent with the number supplied in the Client Data Set (Minimum Data Set). In the absence of this number, the data simply cannot be processed and staff will have to exit the KTOS program. If the client consents to the use of name and social security number for follow-up purposes, then the actual social security number should be used.

We understand that confidentiality can be a concern for clinicians and clients. However, the **DHHS Certificate of Confidentiality** assures a high degree of confidentiality of identifying information. This protects records against being released even with a court order. Federal law (45 CFR Part 2) also protects the confidentiality of the data and this includes disclosures to law enforcement, the courts, licensure boards or other public agencies. Only aggregate data (collective information on the total population or sample) without any identifiers are released to the public and to other agencies.

There are several reasons for using the social security number. It is used to accurately match baseline files with follow-up files. If this were a small project with few staff and sites all within the same database, it would be possible to use another assigned number. Given the fact that clients cross regional boundaries, can have services in two or more

		names, and name changes due to marriage or divorce. The only reliable identifier is the social security number.
4.	Wha	at is your gender?MaleFemaleTransgender (CSAT – GPRA)
		In the drop down menu select the clients' response from the three choices. Tap "Next" to proceed to the next question.
		This question is from the Federal GPRA instrument. Like the rest of the program, you should not assume a client's gender. Enter the client's response even if it does not match the client's obvious appearance.
5.	Wha	at race do you consider yourself to be? (select all that apply) (ASI)
		□ White (not of Hispanic origin)
		□ Black (not of Hispanic origin)
		 American Indian
		□ Alaskan Native
		 Asian or Pacific Islander
		□ Hispanic-Mexican
		□ Hispanic-Puerto Rican
		□ Hispanic-Cuban
		□ Other Hispanic
		□ Other: Specify your other race:
		Choose ALL the races that the client identifies. Like the entire KTOS program, this is a client choice item – do not enter two races unless the client states that he or she is of two races. Some clinicians have been concerned that asking about race is illegal. It is not illegal to ask about race, but
		a client may choose to not disclose his or her race. If that occurs, select "other" and use the letter keypad to enter this information (i.e., Client refuses to respond).
	6.	Do you have a particular religion you follow? (ASI)
		□ Protestant
		□ Catholic
		□ Jewish
		□ Islamic
		Other: Specify your other religion
		□ None
		From the drop down menu choose a particular religion that the client follows. If the client's religion is not listed choose "Other" and specify the religion when prompted. A client may choose to not disclose his or her religion. If that occurs, select "Other" and use the letter keypad to enter this information (i.e., Client refuses to respond).
	7.	What is your current marital status? (TCU-Cl Variation)
		□ Married
		□ Cohabiting
		□ Widowed
		□ Separated
		□ Divorced
		□ Never Married
		Select the client's response from the drop down menu.

regions, as well as multiple sites within the region, the only stable and unmodified number is the social security number. Client Names are poor devices for matching records due to spelling problems, duplication of common

EDUCATION & EMPLOYMENT

The next group of questions are about education and employment.

3.	How ma	any years of education have you co	mple	ted? (CSAT – GPRA Variation)		
		Never attended		7th grade		some college
		1st grade		8th grade		some voc/tech school
		2nd grade		9th grade		voc/tech diploma
		3rd grade		10th grade		associate's degree
		4th grade		11th grade		bachelor's degree
		5th grade		12th grade		master's degree
		6th grade		GED		doctorate degree
	ser sho	lect client's response from the dropnior year in high school, the responsould be "12." If a client has received	e sh a GE	ould be "11." If a client graduated fr ED, but has completed 2 years of co	om h Ilege	igh school, the response indicate "some college".
9.	Do you	have a valid driver's license? (If no	, ski _l	o a, b) (ASI)		YesNo
	a.	Do you have an automobile availa	ble f	or use? (if no, skip b) (UK)		YesNo
	b.	Do you own the automobile?		(UK)		YesNo
	the	ve an automobile available for use. by do not have a valid driver's license.	e, the	en the program will skip to the next o		
10.		vas your usual employment pattern	in the	e past 12 months? (ASI Variation)		
		Full-time (35+ hrs/week)				
		Part-time (<35 regular hrs)				
		Part-time (irregular, day work)				
		Student				
		Service/Military				
		Retired/Disability				
		Unemployed Unpaid/homemaker, childcare				
		In controlled environment (jail, hospi	tal a	atc)		
	- ,	n controlled environment (jali, nospi	iai, c)		
11.	mo Wo typ is v <i>How m</i>	lect the client's response from the dist of the previous year, determining ork patterns should be what is indically full-time but the client had a working for assistance money, count many days were you paid for working the table work")?(ASI)	g wh ated eek as f	ether client worked at all or had a lin this response, discounting sick lead of vacation, the response should be all or part-time.	egula eave e "em	ar job, but was off work. or vacation. If the job is ployed full-time." If client
	info	is GPRA item is intended to capture ormation about employment status nce, a client who is working three 12	and	current work behavior. It should	recor	d actual days worked.

Also, the intent of this question is not to find out if the client has actually already received cash for the work. The intent is to capture the number of days in which the individual was gainfully employed. In other words, the client might be due a check for some of those days but might not have actually received payment yet. Those days would still be considered "paid" days although the payment has not yet been received.

12. What is your monthly income from all sources (wages, unemployment, disability, pensions, or non-legal income)? (ASI Variation) \$
Wages (money earned through employment including under the table wages) Unemployment (TANF, food stamps, vouchers, transportation money, work fair or assistance programs, etc) Retirement (money received from 401K plans, social security, retirement, pensions) Disability (money received from supplemental security income, worker's compensation, or veteran disability payments) Non-legal Income (Any money received from illegal activities such as drug dealing, stealing, fencing, or selling stolen goods, panhandling, illegal gambling, or prostitution.)
The dollar amount should be entered in whole dollar figures , excluding cents. Enter zero (0) if the client earned no money. Do not include money that a spouse or other household member earns, only money earned by the client. If clients are hesitant to reveal income information, clinicians should offer ranges and ask if their income falls into the range.
CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS (HOSPITAL, JAIL, TREATMENT)
The next question group looks at time the client has spent in controlled environments in the past 30 days.
13. In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, were you in a controlled environment like a hospital, jail, or residential drug treatment program (not a shelter)? (If no, ask a and then skip b-c) (ASI)YesNo
Ask the client if they have spent any of the past 30 days in a controlled environment (i.e. hospital, jail, or residential drug treatment program).
a. In the past 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many DAYS were you incarcerated (jail, prison, detention center)? (UK Variation)days
Enter the number of days during the past 12 months, that the client reports having spent in jail, prison or a detention center. An hour or more in a controlled environment counts as one day.
 In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days were you incarcerated (jail, prison, detention center)? (ASI)
Enter the number of days during the past 30 days, that the client reports having spent in jail, prison or a detention center). An hour or more in a controlled environment counts as one day.
c. In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days were you in residential alcohol or drug treatment? (ASI)
Enter the total number of days the client reports spending in residential treatment in the past 30 days due to substance abuse problems only. This question focuses on treatment centers that provide non-medical assistance within a structured treatment program. This is not referring to hospital stays, unless the hospital has a specific substance abuse treatment program in which the client was enrolled.
PHYSICAL HEALTH
14. Do you have any chronic medical problems that continue to interfere with your life? (ASI)
NoYes Enter the client's response as "yes" or "no.

15. Do yo Variatio		any chro	onic p	hysica	al pain	(bod	dily p	oain	that I	has lasted n	nore than	3 month	ns)? (If i No		c) (UK
Er	iter the	client's r	espo	nse as	"yes"	or "r	no" f	ocus	ing o	n regular bo	dily pain t	that has	lasted o	ver 3 month	ns.
	your le no pai				the pi	eser 6	nt me 7		nt. (C 9	hoose one r 10 -worst p			on)		
		client ra possible			ent bo	odily	pair	on	a sca	ale from 1 to	10, whe	re "1" is	no pain	at all and '	'10" is
b. Cho		of the pr K Variati	-	otion p	ain kii	lers	that	you	have	taken for pa	ain (even	if not pr	escribe	d by your d	octor):
		None													
		Percocet	®/Pe	rcodai	n®, ox	ycod	one								
		Darvon®)												
		Codeine													
		Methado	ne												
		Tylenol®		1											
		OxyCont													
		Lortab®,	-		ne										
		Ultram®⁄	Tran	adol											
		Other:	5 ,												
			Plea	se spe	city th	e otn	er p	resc	riptioi	n pain killer	you have	taken:			
dif us	ferent p ing the	ainkiller letter ke	is us ypad	ed tha . This	t does is not	not talki	appo ng a	ear, abou	choos t your	ays are currose "other", a r typical asp ted were uso	nd enter to	the name lenol – fe	e of the ocus on	other paink ly on presc	iller(s)
	this su Variatio		pres	cribed	for yo	ur pa	ain b	by a	docto	or (PDA will	ask this t	for each —	-	elected in pa	art b)?
Er	iter "Ye	s" or "No	" for	each c	Irug us	sed b	y th	e clie	ent in	part b if the	y were a	prescribe	ed by a	doctor.	
	-	nes have ne and s	-				-	iury t	that re	esulted in be	eing knocl	ked out? —	time	s	
kn	ocked (out the c	lient (or put	he cli	ent ir	the	hos	pital	rts having ha overnight. If us from a he	f the clien	t had 1 d	or more	injuries, en	ter the
a. Wha))	Less Betv	thar veen	e you 30 m 30 mir 124 ho	inutes nutes a				ious f	rom a head	injury?				

SUBSTANCE USE

Now, I'm going to ask you some questions about drug and alcohol use in the past 30 days, in the past 12 months and in your lifetime. [Counselor: Exclude any prescription drugs that the client is taking as prescribed—focus only on ILLICIT use of drugs.]

The substance use questions, as well as many others in this instrument include "past 30 days" and "past 12 months" information. It is important to note that an answer that is positive for use in the past 30 days means that there <u>has to be use reported in the past 12 months as well</u>. The past 12 months includes the past 30 days. The past 12 months is <u>not in addition</u> to the past 30 days. The reported use for three days in the past 30 days means that at a minimum, the client has used for one month out of the past 12 months.

If your client is taking a prescription drug as prescribed, that use is <u>not illicit</u> and should <u>NOT be included</u> as a use on the substance use questions. For example, if the client has a prescription for oxycodone to be taken 2 times and day and is actually taking it 2 times a day, it should not be included in the responses. On the other hand, if your client has been prescribed a medication to be taken 2 times a day, but he or she is taking it 4--6 times a day that is considered an illicit use and should be recorded in the substance use section of the profile. If you discover that your client has obtained prescriptions for a particular drug from multiple physicians ("Doctor shopping"), this should also be considered an illicit use if the client is doubling or tripling up on the prescribed drug.

For each of the following questions answer "yes" or "no" to indicate whether the client reports having EVER used this substance in his/her lifetime. If "no" the program will skip to the next drug. If "yes", the program will ask you to enter the total number of months the client reports having used this substance in the past 12 months. If the client reports any use in the past 30 days, this counts as 1 month of use. If they have used any in the past 12 months, the program will ask you to enter the number of days the client has used in the past 30 days.

17.	Have you ever in your lifetime used cigarettes, cigars, smoking or smokeless tobacco? (if Variation)		- b) (UK Yes
a.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use smoking or smokeless tobacco? (If 0, skip b) (UK Variation)	e cigarettes mont	
b.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use smoking or smokeless tobacco? (CSAT – GPRA)	cigarettes, days	cigars
18.	Have you ever in your lifetime used any alcohol? (if no, skip a-d) (ASI)	No	Yes
	If the client responds that he/she has never used alcohol in his/her lifetime, the program s alcohol related questions.	skips the re	st of the
a.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you us 0, skip b-d) (UK Variation)	e any alcol mont	
b.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did y intoxication? (If 0, skip d) (UK Variation)	ou use alo	
C.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use any a d) (CSAT – GPRA)	alcohol? <mark>(II</mark> days	O, skip
d.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use alco (CSAT – GPRA)	hol to intox days	ication?
19.	Have you ever in your lifetime used cocaine/crack? (if no, skip a-b) (ASI)	No	Yes

	 In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use cocaine/crack? (If 0, skip b) (UK Variation)
	b. In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use cocaine/crack? (CSAT – GPRA) days
	Data from previous studies in Kentucky suggest an overlap of crack and other cocaine use. As with the federal CSAT instrument, the GPRA, this question combines cocaine and crack use into one question.
20.	. Have you ever in your lifetime used marijuana/hashish, pot? (if no, skip a-b) (ASI)NoYes
	a. In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use marijuana/hashish, pot? (If 0, skip b) (UK Variation)months
	b. In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use marijuana/hashish, pot? (CSAT – GPRA)
	Like other drug questions, the client should indicate days of use, not amounts used. One toke of a joint would be counted as a day's use even though the clinician might not think it a very important clinical event. The sum of the client's days of use forms a picture of overall drug involvement and the baseline is used to examine change at follow up. Clients who report no drug use at intake cannot show positive changes at follow up because they are already at optimal levels of functioning.
21.	. Have you ever in your lifetime used heroin? (smack, H, junk, skag) (if no, skip a-b) (ASI)NoYes
	 a. In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use heroin? (In 0, skip b) (UK Variation)
	b. In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use heroin? (CSAT – GPRA) days
22.	. Have you ever in your lifetime used other opiates/ analgesics? (Morphine, Percodan®, Dilaudid®, oxycodone, hydrocodone, OxyContin®, prescription pain killers) (if no, skip a-d) (ASI)NoYes
	a. In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use other opiates/ analgesics? (If 0, skip b-d) (UK Variation)months
	b. Check all that were used in the 12 months before you entered this program. (UK Variation) Morphine
	If there was at least 1 month of use reported, the program will ask you to specify which substances the client used in the past 12 months.
	c. In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use other opiates, analgesics? (If 0, skip d) (ASI)days

	d.	Check all that were used in the 30 days before you entered this treatment program. (UK Variation)
		☐ Morphine
		☐ Dilaudid®
		☐ Demerol®
		☐ Percocet®/Percodan®
		☐ Darvon®
		□ Codeine
		☐ Tylenol® 2, 3, 4
		□ OxyContin®
		□ Lortab®
		□ Ultram®/Tramadol
23.	Have y	ou ever in your lifetime used non-prescription methadone? (if no, skip a-b) (ASI)NoYes
	a.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use non-prescription methadone? (If 0, skip b) (UK Variation)months
	b.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use non-prescription methadone? (CSAT – GPRA)
24.	-	ou ever in your lifetime used PCP or other hallucinogens/ psychedelics, LSD, mushrooms, mescaline? cybin) (if no, skip a-b) (ASI)NoYes
	a.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use PCP or other hallucinogens/ psychedelics, LSD, mushrooms, mescaline? (or psilocybin) (If 0, skip b) (UK Variation) months
	b.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use PCP or other hallucinogens / psychedelics, LSD, mushrooms, mescaline? (or psilocybin) (CSAT – GPRA)days
25.	-	ou ever in your lifetime used stimulants such as methamphetamines or other amphetamines, uppers? NoYes
	a.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use stimulants such as methamphetamines or other amphetamines, uppers? (If 0, skip b-d) (UK Variation)months
	b.	Check all that were used in the 12 months before you entered this treatment program. Methamphetamines, crank Other amphetamines, speed (UK Variation)
		□ MDMA, ecstasy
	If th	ere was at least 1 month of use reported, the program will ask you to specify which substances the client
	use	d in the past 12 months. Check all that apply
	C.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use stimulants such as methamphetamines or other amphetamines, uppers? (If 0, skip d) (CSAT – GPRA)days
	d.	Check all that were used in the 30 days before you entered this treatment program. (UK Variation) • Methamphetamines, crank
		Other amphetamines, speedMDMA, ecstasy
26.	Havo	ou ever in your lifetime used barbiturates such as mephobarbital (Mebacut®); and pentobarbital sodium
_ 0.		rtal®)? (if no, skip a-b) (ASI)NoYes

	a.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months barbiturates? (If 0, skip b) (UK Variation)	did you use months
	b.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use (CSAT - GPRA)	
27.	(diazep	you ever in your lifetime used tranquilizers or other sedatives, hypnotics, such as ben pam- Valium, alprazolam – Xanax, triazolam – Halcion, and estasolam); GHB-Georgia Hon y; Ketamine-Special K, Vitamin K? (if no, skip a-d) (ASI)	·-
	imp par Clie Clii	inicians should record clients' use of various "nerve pills" used for their CNS depressant portant to distinguish tranquilizers from the painkillers. Some clients may not make clear urticularly if they take both types of substances. Muscle-relaxants should also be considered ients with histories of injuries may take muscle-relaxants, tranquilizers, and opiate analgesics inicians should pursue this area of drug use carefully since it might not occur to the client of emight have begun as legal prescribed use.	r distinctions, d in this item. s (painkillers).
	a.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months tranquilizers, or other sedatives, hypnotics? (If 0, skip b-d) (UK Variation)	did you use _months
	b.	Check all that were used in the 12 months before you entered this treatment program. Benzodiazepines Non-prescription GHB (UK Variation) Ketamine Other tranquilizers	
	C.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use transfer other sedatives, hypnotics? (If 0, skip d) (CSAT – GPRA)	anquilizers, or _days
	d.	Check all that were used in the 30 days before you entered this treatment program. Benzodiazepines Non-prescription GHB (UK Variation) Ketamine Other tranquilizers	
28.	-	you ever in your lifetime used inhalants, poppers, rush, whippets? (paint, glue, gasoline, aero ing") (ASI) <mark>(if no, skip a-b)</mark>	osol can spray _NoYes
	Wh Spi imp pro dar	inicians should record clients' use of various inhalants and solvent fumes that have intoxic hipped cream aerosol cans have propellants that are intoxicating and may be reported by bray paints are a frequently used version of inhalant. Since these substances have very toxic portant to obtain a history of their use. The typical user will not volunteer this information compting. Using the examples may be helpful in getting the information. Since these substantage cognitive functioning, users may not even understand the class of substances called the chis may require more abstraction than the client is familiar with using.	some clients. c effects, it is without close ances tend to
	a.	In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you upoppers, rush, whippets? (paint, glue, gasoline, aerosol can spray "huffing") (If 0, skip Variation)	
	b.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you upoppers, rush, whippets? (paint, glue, gasoline, aerosol can spray "huffing") (CSA Variation)	use inhalants, AT – GPRA _days

29.	Have you ever in your lifetime used more than one substance per day (including alcohol, but excluding tobacco products)? (ASI) (if no, skip a-b)NoYes
	a. In the 12 months before you entered this treatment program, how many months did you use more than one substance per day? (If 0, skip b) (UK Variation)months
	b. In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you use more than one substance per day? (ASI)days
30.	Before you entered this treatment program, did you ever inject any drugs? (CSAT – GPRA Variation) YesNo
	Enter "yes" or "no" to indicate whether the client reports having EVER injected any drugs in his/her lifetime.
31.	How long (in months) was your last period of voluntary abstinence from your major substance? (Enter 0, if never stopped using and skip a) (ASI) months
	Enter the number of months for the clients last period of voluntary abstinence from their major substance. If fewer than 4 weeks of abstinence (less than a month) enter zero.
	a. How many months ago did your abstinence end? (Enter 0 if still abstinent.) (ASI)months
	Enter the number of months since the client's last period of attempted abstinence ended. Enter a "0" if the client is still abstinent.
32.	How many times in your lifetime have you been treated for substance abuse prior to this current admission? (count previous treatment episodes including detox, exclude current episode) (ASI Variation)times
	This is a total lifetime count of client treatment episodes for alcohol or drug problems. Each treatment "time" should be explained as being an episode of treatment, <u>not a counseling session</u> . Clinicians should enter the number reported by the client. Clinicians should also recognize that clients typically under-report previous treatment. Prompts or specific questions can be helpful. For example, clinicians might ask, "Have you ever been to a counselor or been in a program to help you deal with using drugs or alcohol?"
33.	How much money would you say you spent in the 30 days before you entered this treatment program on DRUGS (not alcohol)? (include only cash or monetary payments for drugs the client used or was planning on using) (ASI) \$
34.	Enter the amount of cash or monetary payments the client paid out for drugs in the past 30 days, whether or not the client actually used the substance purchased. How much money would you say you spent on ALCOHOL in the 30 days before you entered this treatment program? (include only cash or monetary payments for alcohol the client used or was planning on using) (Skip if No to alcohol use) (ASI)
	Enter the amount of cash or monetary payments the client paid out for alcohol in the past 30 days, whether or not the client actually used the substance purchased.
35.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you experience ALCOHOL problems? (craving, withdrawal, want to quit but unable) (Skip if No to alcohol use) (ASI)days
	Enter the number of days the client reports experiencing alcohol problems such as cravings, withdrawal, wanting to quit but was unable to do so during the last 30 days.

36.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many days did you experience DRUG problems (craving, withdrawal, want to quit but unable) (ASI)days
	Enter the number of days the client reports experiencing drug problems such as cravings, withdrawa symptoms, wanting to quit but was unable to do so during the last 30 days.
37.	How troubled or bothered were you by ALCOHOL problems in the 30 days before you entered this treatment program? (Skip if No to alcohol use) (ASI) Not at all Slightly Moderately Considerably Extremely
	Select the client's response from the drop down menu. This is the client's perception of the problem.
38.	How troubled or bothered were you by DRUG problems in the 30 days before you entered this treatment program? (ASI) Not at all Slightly Moderately Considerably Extremely
	Select the client's response from the drop down menu. This is the client's perception of the problem.
39.	How important to you now is treatment for these ALCOHOL problems? (ASI) Not at all Slightly Moderately Considerably Extremely
	Select the client's response from the drop down menu. This is the client's perception of the importance obtaining treatment assistance.
40.	How important to you now is treatment for these DRUG problems? (ASI) Not at all Slightly Moderately Considerably Extremely Select the client's response from the drop down menu. This is the client's perception of the importance of
	obtaining treatment assistance.

LEGAL INVOLVEMENT

41.	Now I'm going to ask you about how you were referred to this program. Was this program admission prompted by or suggested by any of the following? Check all that apply: Criminal justice system (ASI) Protective services (DCBS) (UK Variation) DUI charge (UK Variation) Due to your being pregnant (UK Variation) Self-referral (UK Variation) None of the above
	This is an important question that is used to determine whether the client's referral sources. Notice that the question does not specify a formal court order, but can include a "suggestion" from the court, probation officer, judge, DCBS worker, physician, etc Check all that apply.
42.	Are you on probation now? (CSAT – GPRA Variation)NoYes
	The clinician does not have to choose whether the client is best described as being on probation or in a drug court. Clients can be in both categories. This category can also include clients who have obtained unsupervised probation status from the court. This can apply to DUI offenders as well. It is answered "yes" or "no."
43.	Are you currently in a drug court program? (UK Variation)NoYes
	This question will help in identifying the number of cases involved in drug court programs. It is answered "yes" or "no."
44.	Are you on parole now? (CSAT – GPRA Variation)NoYes
	Enter "yes" or "no" to indicate if the client is currently under court supervision as a parolee.
45.	Have you been arrested and charged with any offense in the 12 months before you entered this treatment program? (ASI Variation)YesNo (If No, skip to question 61– living situation)
	Enter "yes" or "no" to indicate whether the client has been arrested and charged with any offense in the last 12 months. If the client reports no arrests in the past 12 months, the program skips the specific list of charges.
	a. Please select which of the following you have you been arrested & charged with in the 12 months before you entered this treatment program – select ALL that apply: (ASI Variation) Shoplifting/vandalism Parole/Probation violations Drug charges Forgery or theft by deception Weapons offense Burglary, larceny, B & E Robbery Assault Arson Rape, sodomy, or sexual abuse Homicide/manslaughter Prostitution Contempt of Court
	 Disorderly conduct, vagrancy, public intoxication

		Stalking	
		Child support	
		Escape	
		Receiving stolen property	
		Theft by unlawful taking	
		Wanton endangerment	
		Domestic violence (EPO/DVO)	
		Driving while intoxicated	
		Other major driving violations (reckless driving, speeding, no license, e	etc.)
		Other charges	
		all the charges the client reports having been arrested for in the page this treatment program. Check all that apply.	ast 12 months before
b.	-	times in the 12 months before you entered this treatment program we will only show items selected in part a) (ASI Variation)	ere you charged with:
	past 12	he number of times the client reports having been arrested for the fol 2 months, and whether the charges involved the client's intimate partn where the client was detained and released on the same day as 1 time.	er as a victim. Count
		Shoplifting/vandalism	times
		Parole/Probation violations	times

 Did any of your parole/probation violation charges involve victim? 	your intim		as a
Drug charges(total trafficking, possession,paraphanelia) o Specify which drug charges:	_	times	
o Trafficking			
 Possession 			
o Paraphernalia			
Forgery or theft by deception		times	
 Did any of your forgery charges involve your intimate partner 	er as a vict	tim?	
_	No	Yes	
Weapons offense		times	
 Did any of your weapons charges involve your intimate part 	ner as a v	ictim?	
_	No	Yes	
Burglary, larceny, B & E		times	
 Did any of your burglary charges involve your intimate partr 	ner as a vid	ctim?	
<u>-</u>	No	Yes	
Robbery		times	
 Did any of your robbery charges involve your intimate partn 	er as a vic	tim?	
<u>-</u>	No	Yes	
Assault		times	
 Did any of your assault charges involve your intimate partner 	er as a vici	tim?	
<u>-</u>	No	Yes	
Arson		times	
 Did any of your arson charges involve your intimate partner 	as a victir	n?	
<u>-</u>	No	Yes	
Rape, sodomy, or sexual abuse		times	
 Did any of your rape charges involve your intimate partner a 	as a victim	?	
<u>-</u>	No	Yes	
Homicide/manslaughter		times	
 Did any of your homicide/manslaughter charges involve y 	your intima	ate partner	as a
victim?	No	Yes	

	Prostitution	times
	Contempt of Court	times
	 Did any of your contempt of court charges involve your intim 	nate partner as a victim?
		NoYes
	Disorderly conduct, vagrancy, public intoxication	times
	Stalking	times
	 Did any of your stalking charges involve your intimate partner 	er as a victim?
	<u>-</u>	NoYes
	Child support charges	times
	Escape charges	times
	Receiving stolen property charges	times
	Theft by unlawful taking charges	times
	 Did any of your theft by unlawful taking charge involve y 	
	victim?	NoYes
	Wanton endangerment charges	times
	 Did any of your wanton endangerment charges involve y 	
	victim?	NoYes
	Domestic violence charges	times
	 Have you been charged with protective order (EPO/DVO) v 	
		NoYes
	Driving while intoxicated	times
	Other major driving violations (reckless driving, speeding, no licens	
		times
	Other charges: Specify	times
Enter the num	per of charges from the past 12 months that ended up as convictions	5.
LIVING SITUATION		
-		
	what were your usual living arrangements (select one)? (ASI Variation	on)
	al partner and children	
□ With sexu □ With child	al partner alone	
□ With pare		
	nts and children	
□ With famil		
□ With friend	ds	
□ Alone		
	l environment, jail, hospital arrangements (include shelter)	
☐ No stable	arrangements (include sheller)	
	place that the client reports as his/her usual living arrangement fo client choose which situation he/she spent the most time in during the	
How many children have y miscarriages) (If 0, skip a-b	ou ever had in your lifetime? (include adopted/stepchildren; do No) (CSAT – GPRA Variation)	OT include foster children and child/ren
Enter the number foster children or m	of children the client has had in their lifetime. This includes adopiscarriages.	pted and stepchildren, but not
	of your children in your lifetime have you lost parental rights (par # of children selected above) (CSAT – GPRA Variation)	rental rights were terminated)? child/ren

Enter the number of children the client reports having had removed from his/her custody by DCBS or a judge and for whom all parental rights were terminated. This total should be the same or less than the number of total children already reported by the client.

ny of your children are in someone else's custody? (Only show 0-# of children selected above) (CSAT)

	b.		ny of your children a Variation)	re in someone else	e's custody? <mark>(Only</mark>	show 0-# of child	dren selected abo child/ren	ove) (CSAT
			Enter the number of include complete T be the same or less	TPR, but removal i	nto someone else	's custody at the c	urrent time. This to	
46.	What w	as the zip	code of your usual li	iving arrangements	s?		(Don't rememb	ber)
47.	Do you	live with a	anyone who has a cu	rrent alcohol probl	em? (ASI)		NoYes	
			or "no" as to whether we a picture of what ty					These two
48.	Do you	ı live with	anyone who uses no	n-prescribed drugs	s? (ASI)		NoYes	
	Ent	ter "yes" o	r "no" as to whether t	the client reports li	ving with anyone w	vho uses non-pres	cribed drugs.	
AB	USE HI	STORY						
Wh imp foui	ile it ma ortant. T nd to be joing abu	ay be diffice The questing valid meanure.	estions, the client me cult to get information ion is answered "yes asures of abuse expenses	on from clients a " or "no." These it- eriences. The cui	bout abuse during ems were taken fro rrent measures on	g initial intake pro om the Addiction S ly ask about lifetin	ocedures, the resp Severity Index and ne experiences, no	oonses are have been of currently
49.	(If no, s		n your lifetime been re (ASI Variation)	epeatedly humiliat	ed, shamed in fron		ed names (emotion esNo	ial abuse)?
	a.	□ Adu □ And □ Spo		amily r				
	will		or "no" if the client rep ble perpetrators. Che n.					
50.			ave you ever been sla P (ASI Variation)	(If no	, skip a)	bject, or assaulted	l with a knife or oth	ner weapon
	a.	□ Adu □ And □ Spo		amily r oster)	_No			

	ster "yes" or "no" if the client reports ever experiencing physical abuse. If the client reports yes, then the program Il list possible perpetrators. Check all that apply.
51. In your a.	lifetime have you ever been sexually abused? (If no, skip a) (ASI Variation) Was this by (check all that apply) Adult family member Another adult who isn't family Spouse, intimate partner Brother or sister (step, foster) Other: Specify other person
	ster "yes" or "no" if the client reports ever experiencing sexual abuse. If the client reports yes, then the program will to possible perpetrators. Check all that apply.
EMOTION	AL HEALTH
to separate	ng items are taken from the Addiction Severity Index and are important ones to examine in outcomes. It is important the mental health symptom from symptoms of withdrawal or intoxication. Clinicians should record the presence of the problems that are not caused by substance use.
past 30 day	m will ask you to check whether the client has experienced the specified problem during a significant period in the vs, the past 12 months, in your lifetime, or never. If you check "in the past 30 days" the program will automatically e past 12 months" and "in your lifetime" for you.
52. Have y	ou had a significant period that was not a direct result of drug/alcohol use in which you(ASI Variation)
a.	Experienced serious depression? (check all that apply) In the 30 days before treatment In the 12 months before treatment In your lifetime Never
b.	Experienced serious anxiety or tension? (check all that apply) In the 30 days before treatment In the 12 months before treatment In your lifetime Never
C.	Experienced hallucinations? (check all that apply) In the 30 days before treatment In the 12 months before treatment In your lifetime Never
d.	Experienced trouble understanding, concentrating, or remembering? (check all that apply) In the 30 days before treatment In the 12 months before treatment In your lifetime Never
e.	Experienced trouble controlling violent behavior? (check all that apply) In the 30 days before treatment In the 12 months before treatment In your lifetime Never

	f.	Experienced serious thoughts of suicide? (check all that apply) In the 30 days before treatment In the 12 months before treatment In your lifetime Never
	g.	Attempted suicide? (check all that apply) In the 30 days before treatment In the 12 months before treatment In your lifetime Never
	h.	Been prescribed medication for any psychological/emotional problems? (check all that apply) In the 30 days before treatment In the 12 months before treatment In your lifetime Never
53.	Rate ho	ow much you agree or disagree with the following statements: You want to get your life straightened out. (TCU –
		□ Strongly disagree □ Disagree □ Uncertain □ Agree □ Strongly agree
		ect the client's response from the drop down menu. Encourage him/her to rate their feelings about these ements in order to help gauge motivation for treatment.
54.	It is urg	ent that you find help immediately for your substance use. (TCU – CESI) Strongly disagree Disagree Uncertain Agree Strongly agree
55.	You are	e tired of the problems caused by substance use. (TCU – CESI) Strongly disagree Disagree Uncertain Agree Strongly agree
56.	Your life	e has gone out of control. (TCU – CESI) Strongly disagree Disagree Uncertain Agree Strongly agree
57.	You ne	ed help in dealing with your substance use. (TCU – CESI) Strongly disagree Disagree Uncertain Agree Strongly agree

58.	Based on what you know about yourself and your situation, how good are the chances that you can get off and stay off of drugs/alcohol? (UK Variation) Very poor Moderately poor Uncertain Moderately good Very good			
	Select the client's response from the drop down menu.			
RE	COVERY SUPPORTS			
59.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many times did you attend AA, NA or other self-help group meetings that were not affiliated with a religious or faith-based organization (count # of meetings attended)? (If 0, Skip a) (TCU – CI Variation)meetings			
	Enter the number of times the client reports having gone to a self-help group meeting that was not connected with a religious or faith-based organization like a church or temple. If the client attended two or more meetings in one day, it should count as two meetings.			
For those clients who report using self-help, a past 30 day measure may be very helpful in understanding to outcomes as well as their rating of current alcohol or drug use. For example, for clients who report very little alcohol or drug use, their answers might mean something very different from denial if a client also reported attending meetings in the past 30 days.				
	a. Did you have contact with an AA or NA sponsor in the 30 days before you entered this treatment program? (UK Variation) NoYesDon't have a sponsor			
	This is a "yes" or "no" question focusing on recent (past 30 day) contact with the client's sponsor. If the client doesn't have a sponsor, select "Don't have a sponsor."			
60.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, how many times did you attend any religious or faith affiliated recovery self-help groups (excluding those previously counted)? (If 0, skip a) (TCU – CI Variation)meetings			
	Enter the number of times in the past 30 days the client reports having gone to a self-help group meeting that was faith-based like Celebrate Recovery or a church or temple group for recovery support.			
61.	In the 30 days before you entered this treatment program, did you have contact with family or friends who were supportive of your recovery? (CSAT-GPRA) YesNo			
	Enter "yes" or "no" if the client reports having interaction with family or friends that were supportive of his/her recovery.			
62.	To whom do you turn when you are having trouble? (Select your primary supporter) (CSAT-GPRA) No one Clergy, religious leader Family member or relative Friends Partner/ spouse Other: Please specify other support Select one primary supporter that the client reports turning to when having trouble. If not listed choose "other" and			
	specify the other support.			

53.	What will be the	most useful to you in getting off illicit drugs or alcohol? (UK Variation)
		Employment
		Support of family and friends
		Counseling
		Self-help
		Support from coworkers/employer
		Clergy, religious leader
		Other people in recovery
		Other:
		 Specify what will be most useful

Select the primary choice that the client reports will be the most useful in getting off illicit drugs or alcohol. If there are two or more choices, ask the client to pick which one will be the most helpful.

FOLLOW-UP STUDY STATUS

Counselor, please explain the follow-up study to the client and give the client the paper consent form to review.

How to Obtain Informed Consent

The consent process is defined by Federal law and the University of Kentucky Institutional Review Board. Clinicians should go over the items in the consent form with the client and make sure the client understands and is willing to participate in the follow-up study. It is important to cover the key elements of the consent:

- (1) The purpose of the study:
- (2) The procedure for data collection;
- (3) The risks and benefits of participating;
- (4) Confidentiality protections, and
- (5) Who to contact if there are problems resulting from participation in the study.

After you have completed the baseline KTOS questions with a client, the PDA will pop-up a reminder box that reads: "To complete the follow-up items, the counselor must explain the study to the client and give the client the signed consent form."

Tap the button marked "OK" (so you don't leave the PDA on a pop-up screen and run down the battery). Then use the following instructions to explain the follow-up study to the client. The clinician should give the client a copy of the consent form (BASIC CONSENT is for all clients ages 12-99 – parental consent is no longer required) and explain the entire follow-up consent form to the client before asking if the client wants to participate. Be sure to discuss the following topics with the client:

- 1. The 12-month follow-up is completely voluntary. Refusal to participate in the follow-up study involves no penalty, loss of benefits, or reduction/change in treatment. No one in DCBS, corrections, or the legal system has anyone way of knowing if the client agrees or does not agree to participate. This is a decision the client makes completely without coercion.
- 2. By agreeing to participate he/she gives UK **permission to call** the phone numbers the client gives as contacts **in approximately 12 months** after treatment. The client will be asked almost the same questions he/she just completed on the KTOS Baseline Survey.
- 3. Describe the benefits of participating in the follow-up study, including **\$20** for completing a **12-month follow-up interview** and the opportunity to help **improve treatment** in Kentucky. This compensation is not provided unless the client is contacted and completes an interview approximately 12 months from now. Not all clients will be contacted; only a sample of clients is chosen for the follow-up study from those who agreed to participate.
- 4. Tell the client the **only risk** to participation is that the client might **feel uncomfortable** remembering times of unhappiness or distress from substance use; any illness the client thinks was caused by the study should be reported to a contact person listed on the consent form, but **UK will not pay for any treatment** or lost wages the client should contact his/her insurer.
- 5. Explain that **all information is confidential**, kept in locked files, and contact information is kept separately from KTOS data so that risk of personal disclosure is minimal. The *criminal justice system does not have access to client*

personal information from KTOS and we have a federal certificate of confidentiality which protects this information from being released even under court order.

6. Show the client the phone numbers and contact names should there be questions about the follow-up. Give the client time to read the paper consent form if he/she would like to do so. When contacted for the follow-up interview, explain that the study is called "University of Kentucky Health Follow-up Study." Study staff never reveal to family members that you were in substance abuse treatment.

Agreeing to Participate

64.	Does the client agree to being contacted by telephone in approximately	12 months	for a follow	м-ир inter	view?
		,	Yes	No	

After you explain the follow-up study to the client, ask if the client wants to participate in the study. Enter "yes" or "no."

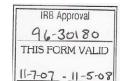
If the client responds "no," this is the end of the interview. The program will display a message thanking you for answering the question and will skip to the final set of clinician impression questions.

If the client responds "yes," the program will help you gather important locator information about your client that allows him/her to participate in the 12-month follow-up study.

65. Is the Beginning date under "This Form Valid" on the TOP RIGHT corner of the first page of the consent form: 11/7/07? (should look like this stamp) (If No, Skip a)

Please confirm:

Yes ______No



a. Please enter the beginning date shown on your consent form:

This is a "yes" or "no" question. The majority of the time, you will tap "yes" and continue forward in the program. If you have an out-of-date consent form that does not match the dates the program indicates, tap "no" and enter the date shown on your consent form. You will want to go to the UK website as soon as possible to download the current consent form (http://cdar.uky.edu/ktos/). Consents with expired dates or incorrect dates will not be used for the follow-up study.

66. Please have the client sign inside the box on the PDA.

Give the client the PDA and stylus and ask him/her to gently sign the client's full name on the PDA. If the client makes a mistake, tap the button marked "Clear" and have the client re-enter the signature.

This is the electronic signature that gives the client's approval for UK to contact him/her in 12 months for the follow-up study. There is no paper for you to send to UK and no paper required you to keep on file unless your specific agency has special regulations for this.

The client **signs the electronic screen** and **keeps the signed paper consent form**. You <u>do not</u> need to keep a copy of the consent form at your agency and <u>do not send any paperwork to UK-CDAR</u>

67. Clinician agrees a copy of the consent form was given to the client. ____OK

RULES FOR COPYING CONSENT FORMS TO GIVE TO CLIENTS

KTOS consent forms can be copied on colored or plain paper, two-sided or reduced size, whatever format is easiest for you to use. The only stipulation for copying consent forms is that the **IRB approval stamp** that appears on the top right hand corner of the first page must be **clearly visible** and all **four** pages of the consent must be copied.

PDF versions of the current consent forms are available for download at http://cdar.uky.edu/ktos/

LOCATOR INFORMATION FOR FOLLOW-UP

68.	Does client agree to allow UK, at the time of f	follow-up, to	o contact him/her if	residing in deten	tion or trea	atment?
					No	Yes

If the client happens to be in residential treatment or is in jail or detention at the time of the follow-up call, UK needs permission to continue to pursue contact with the client for follow-up information. Saying "No" does not affect the client's eligibility for the follow-up study; it simply means that once UK finds out the client is in a closed community, the follow-up interviewers will stop trying to contact the client.

The last section is the locator information. This information will help UK contact the client for the 12 month follow-up. Please enter as much information as possible. If you have a street name but no address number, at least enter the street name. If you only have a city name but no zip code, enter what you have. All the little pieces of information you can gather now will help UK be able to locate the client in a year to complete a follow-up interview.

69. Client's phone number

If the client has a telephone number, check it for accuracy. Poor telephone numbers lead to the elimination of over half the follow-up participants. If the client does not have a current phone number, skip to the next question.

- 70. Client's address number
- 71. Client's street name
- 72. Client's apartment number (if applicable)
- 73. Client's city name
- 74. Client's state name
- 75. Client's zip code

Clients should give detailed information concerning addresses including rural route number or post office box numbers. If only partial address is available, include as much as you can to help them person be found in 12 months including city and zip if possible. Again, accurate information is helpful in making contact at follow-up. The new follow-up procedures include mail-out reminders to clients about the follow-up study and ask for changes in address or telephone numbers.

First Contact Information:

The follow-up study includes the names of two relatives or others who are most likely to know the client's whereabouts 12 months after treatment. Female relatives are given a priority – particularly mothers, aunts, and sisters. These contacts are very important in locating clients when the client's phone number is no longer in service or when the client has moved to an unknown location.

Please give the names, addresses, and phone numbers of two relatives who have a telephone (preferably female relatives such as a mother, sister, or aunt) or a relative/guardian and one other person who would know how to contact you a year from now if you should move.

First Contact:

- 76. First contact's first name
- 77. First contact's last name
- 78. First contact's relationship with the client

Choose from the drop down list of options for relationship to the client including grandmother, sister, brother, aunt, uncle, friend, spouse, boyfriend, girlfriend, etc....

79. First contact's phone number

If the first contact person has a telephone number, check it for accuracy. If the client does not have a phone number for the contact person, skip to the next question.

- 80. First contact's address number
- 81. First contact's street name
- 82. First contact's apartment number (if applicable)
- 83. First contact's city name
- 84. First contact's state name
- 85. First contact's zip code

Enter as much of the first contact's address as the client can give you. Be sure to include P.O. box numbers and cities even if the client doesn't have street address information.

Second Contact:

- 86. Second contact's first name
- 87. Second contact's last name
- 88. Second contact's relationship with the client

Choose from the drop down list of options for relationship to the client including grandmother, sister, brother, aunt, uncle, friend, spouse, boyfriend, girlfriend, etc....

- 89. Second contact's phone number
- 90. Second contact's address number
- 91. Second contact's street name
- 92. Second contact's apartment number (if applicable)
- 93. Second contact's city name
- 94. Second contact's state name
- 95. Second contact's zip code

Enter as much of the second contact's address as the client can give you. Be sure to include P.O. box numbers and cities even if the client doesn't have street address information.

This is the end of the interview. Thank the client for their time and for helping to improve substance abuse treatment in Kentucky.

You know you have completed the interview when this message appears on the PDA screen. Do not exit the program until you reach this message. The program saves all the information after it has reached this screen so it is important to continue through the questions until you reach the end in order to save all the data you have collected.

UK CDAR CONTACT INFORMATION

What do I do if I have ANY kind of problem, question, or comment about the KTOS PDA program?

No question is too silly. We would much prefer you call us with your problems or questions before you become overly frustrated and/or damage the PDA or modem. You can call or email us and we will do our best to help you as quickly as possible.

Contact Name:Phone:Email:Jennifer Newell(859) 323-4763jenni.newell@uky.eduTom Jackson(859) 257-9061tom.jackson@uky.eduAllison Mateyoke-Scrivner(859) 257-3218almate00@uky.eduErin Stevenson(859) 257-1521erin.stevenson@uky.edu

How do I mail equipment back to UK CDAR?

Sometimes it is necessary to mail equipment for repair or replacement. Please follow these instructions for mailing equipment:

- 1. Use a padded enveloped or box and make sure the equipment will not rattle around loosely in the box by stuffing newspaper around the items.
- 2. ALWAYS include a note detailing the problems you are experiencing and reasons for returning the equipment.
- 3. Give the name and address where we should return the equipment.
- 4. Provide a phone number for the person we should contact if we have questions about the equipment.

Mailing Address:

UK-CDAR 915B South Limestone Lexington, KY 40536-9824 ATTN: KTOS